DZHAPARIDZE, T. K.

April 53

USSR/ Medicine - Dysentery

"New Serological Types of Dysentery Bacilli That Do Not Ferment Mannite," T, K. Dzhaparidze, Chair of Infectious Diseases, Tbilisi Med Inst

Zhur Mikro, Epid, i Immun, No 4, pp 55-61

Investigation of nonagglutinating strains that are biochemically related to Grigor'yev-Shiga bacilli resulted in the detection among them of 3 serological types (No 141, 61, and 1008) which have no antigenic similarity to Grigor'yev-Shiga bacilli. One may assume that Grigor'yev-higa bacilli are serologically inhomogenous and that the types isolated by Sachs, Novgorodskaya, and by the author are serological variations of these bacilli. (Acc to the Russian editors, the last statement requires further proof.)

252T26

BEKAURI, N.G.; DEHASHTASHVILI, T.E.; GAPRINDASHVILI, P.T.; KVACHADEE, M. ..

Hydrogenation of phenol in the presence of new catalysts.
Soob. AN Gruz. SSR 34 no.1289 Ap.64 (MIRA 1707)

DZHAPARIDZE, T.N., red.; MOISEYEV, I.N., red.; ALEKSEYEV, A.G., tekhn. red.; VOLKOV, N.V., tekhn. red.

[Hydrological yearbook]Gidrologicheskii ezhegodnik. Leningrad, Gidrometeor. izd-vo. 1959. Vol.3.[Caucasian river basins]Basseiny rek Kaykaza. Nos.2-5.[Black Sea basin from the Kuban River basin to the border and the Caspian Sea basin southward from the Terek River basin to the border]Bassein Chernogo moria ot basseina r.Kuban' do gosudarstvennoi granitsy i bassein Kaspiiskogo moria k iugu ot basseina r.Terek do gosudarstvennoi granitsy. Pod red. T.N.Dzhaparidze. 1962. 376 p. (MIRA 15:12) (Caucasus-Hydrology-Tables, calculations, etc.)

DZHAPARIDZE, T.N., red.; MOISEYEV, I.N., red.; IVANOVA, Z.V., tekhn. red.

[Hydrological yearbook] Gidrologicheskii ezhegodnik. Leningrad, Gidrometeoizdat. 1958. Vol.3. [Basins of the rivers of the Caucasus] Basseiny rek Kavkaza. Nos.2-5. [Basins of the rivers of the Black Sea from the basin of the Kuban River to the frontier and the basin of the Caspian Sea Southward from the basin of the Terek River to the frontier] Basseiny rek Chernogo moria ot basseina r. Kuban' do gosudarstvennoi granitsy i bassein Kaspiiskogo moria k iugu ot basseina r. Terek do gosudarstvennoi granitsy. Pod red. T.N. Dzhaparidze. 1962. 418 p. (MIRA 16:5)

State and September 1

DZHAPARIDZE, T.N.

Influence of hypothermia on changes in the blood system caused by radiation sickness. Soob. AN Gruz. SSR 19 no.5:629-632 N '57. (MIRA 11:6)

1. Institut eksperimental noy i klinicheskoy khirurgii i gematologii AN GruzSSR, Tbilisi. Predstavleno akademikom K.D. Eristavi. (RADIATION SICKNESS) (BODY TEMPERATURE) (BLOOD--ANALYSIS AND CHEMISTRY)

#### DZHAPARIDZE, T.N.

Changes in peripheral blood and bone marrow of irradiated dogs under conditions of hypothermia. Soob. AN Gruz. SSR 19 no.6:755-761 D 157. (MIRA 11:6)

1. Institut eksperimental'noy i klinicheskoy khirurgii i gematologii AN GruzSSR, Tbilisi. Predstavleno akademikom K.D. Eristavi. (RADIATION--PHYSIOLOGICAL EFFECT) (BLOOD--ANALYSIS AND CHEMISTRY) (MARROW) (BODY TEMPERATURE)

DZHAPARIDZE, T. N.: Master Med Sci (diss) -- "Changes in the blood system in Fadiation disease under conditions of hypothermia". Tbilisi, 1958, published by the Acad Sci Georgian SSR. 15 pp (Tbilisi State Med Inst), 200 copies (KL, No 7, 1959, 128)

ABAKELIYA, TS.I.; DZHAPARIDZE, T.N.; GACHECHILADZE, M.G.

Effect of hypothermia on changes in blood protein composition during radiation sickness. Soob. AN Gruz. SSR 21 no.1:109-114 J1 '58. (MIRA 11:10)

1. AN GruzSSR, Institut eksperimental noy i klinicheskov khirurgii i gematolegii, Tbilisi. Predstavleno akademikom K.D. Eristavi. (HYPOTHERMIA) (RADIATION SICKNESS) (BLOOD PROTEINS)

ZHVANIYA, T.O.; GACHECHILADZE, M.G.; DZHAPARIDZE, T.N.

Importance of the determination of the thyroid gland function by the method of radioactive indicators in a surgical clinic. Trudy Inst.eksp.i klin.khir.i genat AN Gruz.SSR 10:237-245 62. (MRA 16:2)

(THYROID GLAND) (IODINE ISOTOPES)

# DZHAPARIDZE, T.N.

Changes in some components of the blood coagulation system in radiation sickness under hypothermal conditions. Trudy Inst. eksp.i klin.khir.i gemat. AN Gruz.SSR 10:277-281 162.

(RADIATION SICKNESS) (BLOOD—COAGULATION) (MIRA (HYPOTHERMIA)

(MIRA 16:2)

DZHAPARIDZE, T.N.

State of some indices of the blood coagulation system in acute and chronic experimental radiation sickness in hypothermia. Trudy Inst. eksp. i klin. khir. i gemat. AN Gruz. SSR 11:95-102 63. (MIRA 17:8)

MACHABELI, M.S.; DZHAPARIDZE, T.N.; BOKERIYA, R.I.; LABAKHUA, G.Sh.; BEZARASHVILI, L.G.; KIKNAVELIDZE, N.D.

Indices of the blood coagulation system in healthy dogs. Soob.

AN Gruz. SSR 30 no.5:663-666 My '63. (MIRA 16:11)

1. Institut eksperimental'noy i klinicheskoy khirurgii i gematologii AN GruzSSR, Tbilisi. Predstavleno akademikom K.D.Eristavi.

DZHAPARIDZE, V

USSR / Radio Physics. Application of Radio-Physics Methods.

, -12

Abs Jour : Ref Zhur - Fizika No 3, 1957, No 7397

Author : Bebiashvili, Sh., Dzhaparidze, V.

Ti tle

: Twenty-Five Years of Soviet Television

Orig Pub : Metsnireba da tekhnika, 1956, No 4, 17-19

Abstract : No abstract

: 1/1 Card

- 65 -

.DZHAPARIDZE, V.

DZHAPARIDZE, V.

Great achievement of the Soviet people. Sots. trud no.12:42-50 D '57.

(Russia--Economic Conditions--Statistics) (NIRA 11:1)

AUTHORS:

Sazonov, S., Dzhaparidze, V.

2-58-3-7/17

TITLE:

On the Organization of State Statistics in the German Democratic Republic (Ob organizatsii gosudarstvennoy statistiki

v Germanskoy demokraticheskoy respublike)

PERIODICAL:

Vestnik Statistiki, 1958, Nr 3, pp 32-46 (USSR)

ABSTRACT:

The article is a report by the following employees of the USSR Central Statistical Administration, (Sazonov, S.V.; Dzhaparidze, V.V.; Malychev, S.V., Statistical Administration of White Russian SSR; Melekhin, V.V., Leningrad Factory of Mechanized Calculations; and Nikitin, L.A., Moscow Repair-Mechanical Calculating Machine Factory) of a visit in October-November 1957 to East Germany. The visitors were impressed by the Germans' efficient organization and rapid processing of statistical material. A numeral system of product nomenclature for feeding statistics into calculating machines is praised, as are examples of standard forms for completion by industrial undertakings and firms and farms in state, cooperative and private sectors. Budget analysis is inefficiently carried out, however, and calculating station mechanization and organization is rather backward by Soviet standards, although computers and punchcard calculating

Card 1/2

2-58-3-7/17

On the Organization of State Statistics in the German Democratic Republic

machines produced by the Factory for Electronic Calculating Machines in Karl Marx-Stadt and the Rheinmetall Factory in Sömmerda (Thuringen) come in for praise. The Germans are commended for their success in producing full and reliable statistical abstracts, popularizing their statistical material, and using highly efficient photographic reproduction methods.

There is one table and two forms.

Card 2/2

AUTHOR:

Dzhaparidze, V.

2-58-6-12/16

TITLE:

A Discussion of Statistical Problems of the Chemical Industry (Obsuzhdeniye voprosov statistiki khimicheskoy promyshlennosti)

PERIODICAL:

Vestnik statistiki, 1958, Nr 6, p 84 (USSR)

ABSTRACT:

A conference of representatives of Gosplan organizations, the Upravleniya khimicheskoy promyshlennosti Moskovskogo oblastnogo sovnarkhoza (Administration of the Chemical Industry of the Moscow Oblast' Sovnarkhoz) and the Vsesoyuznyy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut plasticheskikh mass i smol (All-Union Scientific Research Institute of Plastics and Resins) was convened by the TSSU USSR. Problems covering the production of plastics and synthetic resins, their nomenclature, systematization, etc. were discussed. Since the production of synthetic material in the future will be based on natural and artificial gases, the main problem of industrial statistics will be the recording of the entire gas production of the USSR. Other fields to be covered by statistics are textiles made from artificial fibers and consumer goods originating from artificial and synthetic materials.

Card 1/2

A Discussion of Statistical Problems of the Chemical Industry 2-58-6-12/16

Card 2/2

KUPARADZE, Grigan Zosimovich; DZHAPARIDZE, V.V., red.; DMITRIYEV, B.Z., red.; DLIN, A.M., red.; SHAKHOV, Yu.A., tekhn.red.

[Economist's reference manual; industrial and agricultural]
Spravochnik ekonomista; promyshlennost' i sel'skoe khozisistvo.
Moskva, Izd-vo GSKHI, 1960. 591 p. (MIRA 13:3)
(Index numbers (Economics))

DZHAPARIDZE, V.

Shortcomings of a textbook ("Course on the industrial statistics" by A. Sukharev. Reviewed by V. Dzhaparidze). Vop. ekon. no.1:146-149

(MIRA 13:1)

(Industrial statistics)

VIDREVICH, Yakov Veniaminovich; BAKLANOVA, G.I., red.; DZHAPARIDZE,

V.V., red.; SHENTSIS, Ye.M., red.; IL'YUSHENKOVA, T.P., tekhn.

red.;

[Statistics in textile industry enterprises] Statistika na predpriiatiiakh tekstil'noi promyshlennosti. Pod red. G.I.Baklanova i V.V.Dzhaparidze. Moskva, Gosstatizdat, 1962. 167 p. (MIRA 15:6)

(Textile industry-Statistics)

VYKHODTSEV, Semen Vasil'yevich; BAKLANOV, G.I., red.; DZHAPARIDZE,

V.V., red.; PRIVEZENTSEVA, A.G., red.; PYATAKOVA, N.D.,
tekhn. red.

[Statistics of the petroleum industry]Statistika neftianoi promyshlennosti. Moskva, Gosstatizdat 1962. 278 p. (MIRA 16:4)

(Petroleum industry--Statistics)

KUNDIN, Mikhail Borisovich. Prinimal uchastige LESHCHINSKIY, M.I., kand. ekon. nauk; BAKLANOV, G.I., red.; DZHAPARIDZE, V.V., red.; FROLOVA, M.F., red.

[Statistics of the coal industry] Statistika ugo±inci promyshlennosti. Moskva, Statistika, 1969. 139 p. (MIMA 18:9)

BARDIN, I.; BELAN, R.; BEKETIN, N.; BOYKO, V.; BORISOV, A.; BYCHKOV, V.;

VASILENKO, S.; VINOGRADOV, V.; VISHNEVSKIY, A.; VODNEV, G.; DVORIN,

S.; DZHAPARIDZE, Yo.; DIDENKO, V.; D'YAKONOV, N.; ZHURAVLEV, S.;

ZAKHAROV, A.; IVANOV, I.; KIRSANOV, M.; KOLYADA, G.; KOROBOV, P.;

LESKOV, A.; LUKICH, L.; LYUBIMOV, A.; MELESHKIN, S.; MYRTSYMOV, A.;

PERTSEV, M.; PETRUSHA, F.; PITERSKIY, A.; POPOV, I.; RAYZER, D.;

ROZHKOV, A.; SAPOZHNIKOV, L.; SEDOY, P.; SOKOLOV, P.; TEVOSYAN, I.;

TIKHONOV, M.; TISHCHENKO, S.; FILIPPOV, B.; FOMENKO, N.; SHELKOV,

A.; SHEREMET YEV, A.

Fedor Aleksandrovich Merkulov. Koks i khim.no.7:62 '56. (MLRA 9:12) (Merkulov, Fedor Aleksandrovich, 1900-1956)

DZHAPARIDZE, Ye.; MASLENNIKOV, A.

Promote the role of primary organizations. NTO 2 no.5:53-54
My 160. (MIRA 14:5)

(Iron industry—Technological innovations) (Steel industry—Technological innovations)

DZHAPARIDZE, YE.A.

Dzhaparidze, Ye.A. AUTHOR:

133-11-12/19

TITIE:

Power Economy on Iron and Steel Works (Energeticheskoye

khozyaystvo zavodov chernoy metallurgii)

Stal', 1957, No.11, pp. 1017 - 1023 (USSR). PERIODICAL:

ACT: Development of the power-generating capacity and the utilisation of available fuel on iron and steel works is ABSTRACT:

outlined in general terms.

There are 4 figures and 1 table.

AVAILABLE:

Library of Congress

Card 1/1

KOROBOV, P.I.; KHLEBNIKOV, V.B.; BOLJSOV, A.F.; SKOCHIBSKIY, A.A.; SHEVYAKOV, L.D.; KLLTIKOV, M.V.; BELESHKIH, F.M.; MOSKAL'KOV, Ye.F.; POKROVSKIY, M.A.; KAPLEHOV, R.P.; BOGOLYUBOV, B.P.; ALUTYHOV, M.B.; BOYKO, V.Ye.; BOLHIZA, M.M.; FEDOROV, V.F.; AGOSHKOV, M.I.; BALOHEHKOV, A.V.; VORONIN, L.H.; IPATOV, P.M.; MAZAROV, P.P.; SLUTSKAYA, O.M.; CHEMENKO, M.B.; FABTHOVICH, V.I.; SLLVSKIY, V.N.; TROITSKIY, A.V.; GOLDIN, Ya.A.; DZHAPARIDZE, Ya.A.; ZHUFAVLEV, S.P.; KUZJETJOV, K.K.; MALEVICH, M.A.; MARTHEHKO, M.P.; MANTYHOV, G.P.; MATAPON P.F.; PELTSEV, M.A.; ROSSHIT, A.F.; MASHON A.A.; SOSEDOV, O.O.; VII M. ADOV, V.S.; ZUBAREV, S.M.; SMAFARENKO, I.P.

Mikolai Mikolaevich Patrikeev; an obitaary. Gor.zhur. no.6:76 Je (MIRA 14:2) 160. (Patrikeev, Mikolai Mikolaevich, 1890-1960)

DZHAPARIDZE, Ys.A.

Improve power supply in metallurgical plants. Stal' 24 no.10:855-859 0 '64. (MIRA 17:12)

1. Gesudarstvennyy komiteż po chernoy i tsvetnoy matallurgii pri Gesplane SSSR.

. 46120-66 EWT(1)/EEC(k)-2/T IJP(c)

ACC NR: AP6024547

SOURCE CODE: UR/0251/66/042/003/0547/0550

AUTHOR: Gogava, L. A.; Nakashidze, G. A.; Delerzon, N. M.; Dzhaparidze, Ye. G.; Kakhabrishvili, I. V.; Ter-Sarkisova, A. G.

ORG: Academy of Sciences, Georgian SSR, Institute of Cybernetics (Akademiya nauk Gruzinskoy SSR, Institut kibernetiki)

TITLE: Photoelectric characteristics of a two-terminal p-n-p-n type transistor switch

SOURCE: AN GruzSSR. Soobshcheniya, v. 42, no. 3, 1966, 547-550

TOPIC TAGS: electronic switch, germanium transistor, photosensitivity, volt ampere characteristic, projunction, photosectric property

ABSTRACT: The article deals with the method of fabrication and photoelectric characteristics of germanium-base p-n-p-n type transistor switches. The starting material was a p-type wa fer with a resistivity of 5 ohms cm and dimensions of 1.3x1.3x0.08 mm. Two p-n junctions were obtained by diffusing antimony into both surfaces of the original wafer and the third, by alloying indium into one of the diffused layers. Ohmic contact on the opposite side was accomplished by doping with tin (Fig. 1). In the presence of a fixed bias lower than the switching

Card 1/3

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ACC NR: AP6024547

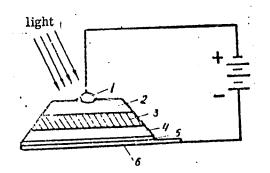
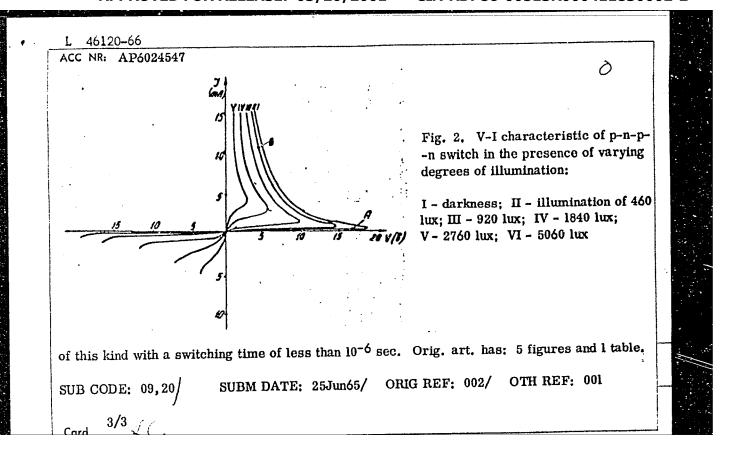


Fig. 1. Structure of two-terminal p-n-p-n type switch:

1 - rectifying nickel contact;
2,4 - diffused
n-layers;
3 - original p-type germanium;
5 - ohmic contact (tin);
6 - nickel holder

voltage the device is in the "off" state (point A on V-I characteristic in Fig. 2) and displays a high resistance of the order of several megohms. On illumination the switch changes from "off" state to "on" state (point B in Fig. 2) considering that the fixed bias voltage is then sufficient for breakdown of the center p-n junction. In this position the resistance of the device is of the order of several ohms. An investigation of V-I characteristics in the presence of darkness and various degrees of illumination conclusively proved that switching voltage decreases with increasing illumination. The minimum illumination required to switch the device is of the order of 100-150 lux. Further improvements in the design and fabrication of transistor switches should make it possible to develop more photosensitive and stable devices

Card 2/3



BALABUYEV, A.G.; GEVONDYAN, M.G.; DZHAPARIDZE, Ye.K.

Amount of dust in the air in Tiflis. Soob. AN Gruz. SSR 19 no.5:551-556 N '57. (MIRA 11:6)

1. Institut geofiziki AN GruzSSR, Tbilisi i Nauchno-issledovatel skiy sanitarnyy institut GruzSSR. Predstavleno akademikom Ye. K. Kharadze. (Tiflis--Dust)

DZHAPARIDZE, Te.K., nauchnyy sotrudnik

Determination of small quantities of barium in natural waters contaminated by industrial wastes. Gig. 1 san. 24 no.6:79
Je '59. (MIRA 12:8)

1. Nauchno-issledovatel skiy sanitarnyy institut Ministerstva zdravookhraneniya Gruzinskoy SSR.

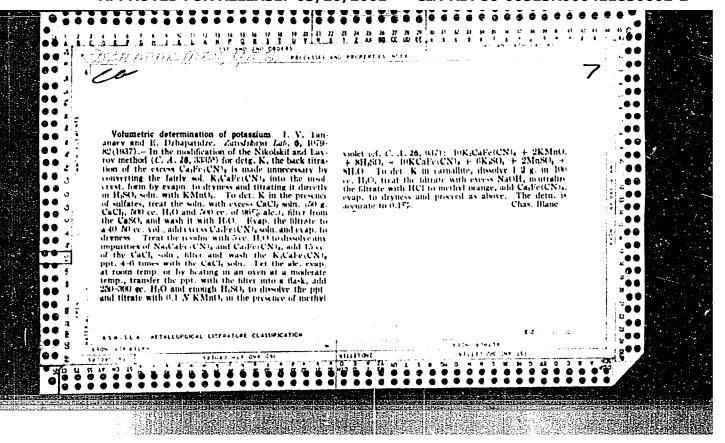
(WATER POLLUTION

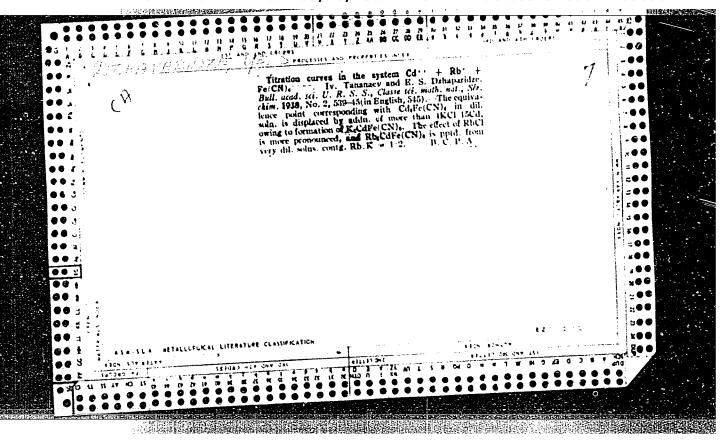
by indust. wastes, determ. of small quantities of barium in natural waters (Rus)) (BARIUM, determ.

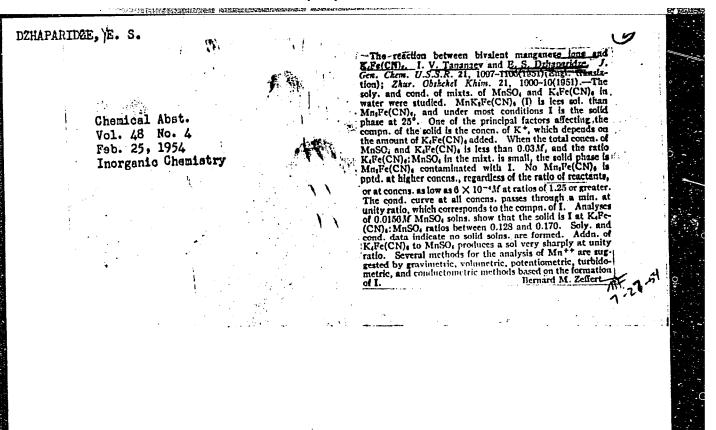
in natural waters contaminated by indust. wastes, determ. of small quantities (Rus))

DZHAPARIDZE, Z. N.

Contemporary ear marks used by cattle farmers of the Avarskoye Koyau Valley. Soob. AN Gruz. SSR 31 no. 3: 757-764 S '63. (MIRA 17:7)







137-58-6-13883

Translation from: Referativnyy zhurnal, Metallurgiya, 1958, Nr 6, p 381 (USSR)

Dzhaparidze, Ye.S., Bershadskaya, O.D. AUTHORS:

On the Problem of Determination of Silicon in Ferroboron (K TITLE:

voprosu opredeleniya kremniya v ferrobore)

Tr. In-ta metalla i gorn. dela. AN GruzSSR, 1957, Vol 8, PERIODICAL:

pp 251-252

In determining Si in Fe-B the B is previously distilled off ABSTRACT:

together with Si in the form of fluorides and, B having been determined in a separate weighed portion, Si is calculated from the difference. 0.25 - 0.5 g of FeB is placed in a weighed Pt dish and moistened with water; 10-15 cc of HF are added, then HNO3 is added dropwise until the violent reaction ceases. 10 cc  $1:1\ H_2SO_4$  is then added and the solution is evaporated to dryness. The dry residue is calcined at 900-1000°C for 30 min, cooled, and weighed. Fe and Ca are determined in the residue. In a separate weighed portion B is determined and the Si content is calculated from the difference. The proposed method has adequate precision. 1. Silicon--Determination 2. Boron-iron

alloys--Chemical reactions 3. Boron-iron alloys--Analysis V.N. Card 1/1

SOV/137-58-9-18310

Translation from: Referativnyy zhurnal, Metallurgiya, 1958, Nr 9, p 12 (USSR)

Dzhaparidze, Ye. S., Gorgishvili, D. A. AUTHORS:

TITLE:

On the Problem of Determination of Mn2+ and Mn3+ in the Products of the Agglomeration of Manganese Ores (K voprosu oprečeleniya Mn<sup>2+</sup> i Mn<sup>3+</sup> v produktakh aglomeratsii margantse

vykh rud)

PERIODICAL: Soobshch. AN GruzSSR, 1957, Vol 19, Nr 2, pp 159-164

ABSTRACT: In the process of agglomeration of Mn ores there occurs a reduction of MnO2 to MnO3 and Mn3O4. The method developed

by the authors for the direct determination of these Mn oxides in the agglomerate by using a mixture of 10% solution of Na pyrophosphate and 1N H2SO4 is described. The determination of trivalent Mn was conducted by direct titration with Mohr's salt in an acid pyrophosphate medium and that of the bivalent Mn by titration with KMnO<sub>4</sub> in a neutral pyrophosphate medium. The method for the procedure of the analysis, the verification of this method, and also the control by means of these methods

of analysis of the process of decomposition of  $MnO_2$  of the Nikopol Card 1/1and Chiatura ore at various temperatures.

1. Manganese ores--Properties 2. Manganese oxides--Determination

3. Titration--Applications

SOV/137-59-1-2150

Translation from: Referativnyy zhurnal. Metallurgiya, 1959, Nr 1, p 282 (USSR)

AUTHORS: Dzhaparidze, Ye.S., Gorgishvili, D.A.

On the Analysis of Solutions Containing Ions of Manganese of TITLE:

Different Valence (K voprosu analiza rastvorov, soderzhashchikh

iony margantsa razlichnoy valentnosti) in Georgian

PERIODICAL: Soobshch. AN GruzSSR, 1957, Vol 19, Nr 4, pp 407-414

ABSTRACT: The authors have developed methods for the quantitative determination

of Mn ions of different valence when they are present jointly in solutions, particularly in mixtures containing  $Mn^{2+}$  and  $Mn^{3+}$ ,  $MnO_4$  and  $MnO_4^{2-}$ , or  $Mn^{3+}$  and  $Mn^{4+}$ . To determine  $Mn^{2+}$  and  $Mn^{3+}$  in a mixture,  $Mn^{3+}$  is titrated directly with a solution of Mohr's salt in an acid medium containing Na<sub>4</sub>P<sub>2</sub>O<sub>7</sub>, and Mn<sup>2+</sup> is determined potentiometrically in a neutral pyrophosphate medium. Determination of  $MnO_4$  and  $MnO_4^{2-}$ , and of  $Mn^{3+}$  and  $Mn^{4+}$  in separate mixtures consists of the determination of the total oxidizing capacity of solution (A) and of the determination of the total Mn content in the other por-

tion of the solution by potentiometric titration in a neutral pyrophosphate medium after the Mn ions have been reduced to Mn<sup>2+</sup>. Then by

Card 1/2

SOV/137-59-1-2150

On the Analysis of Solutions Containing Ions of Manganese of Different Valence

multiplying the total Mn contents by a suitable factor the oxidizing capacity of the mixture is obtained with either  $KMnO_4$ ,  $K_2MnO_4$ , or  $MnO_2$  alone present in it (B). The amounts of the compounds sought are calculated according to their respective formulae on the basis of the values obtained for A and B. In an acid pyrophosphate medium the reduction of higher-valence Mn ions to Mn<sup>2+</sup> with Mohr's salt solution proceeds with the formation of an intermediate pyrophosphate Mn3+ complex of a dark crimson color. The discoloration of the solution occurs very sharply upon the addition of 1 drop (without indicator). The above analytical procedure is very simple and takes 15-20 min.

V. N.

Card 2/2

CIA-RDP86-00513R000411830002-2" APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 03/20/2001

DZHAPARIDZE, Ye.S.; GORGISHVILI, D.A.

Analysis of certain titanium-containing materials. Trudy Inst. met. AN Gruz.SSR 9:263-269 '58. (MIRA 12:8) (Metallurgical analysis) (Titanium)

DZHAPARIDZE, Ye.S.; GORGISHVILI, D.A.

Separating manganese in the form of a dioxide from nickel and cobalt. Trudy Inst. met. AN Gruz. SSR vol. 13:255-263 '62. (MIRA 17:9)

DZHAPIASHVILI. V.P.

Observations of lunar occultations of stars at the Abastumani Coservatory. Astron.tsir. no.135:23 F '53. (MLRA 6:6)

1. Abastumanskaya astrofizicheskaya observatoriya na gore Kanobili. (Occultations)

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# DZHAPIASHVILI, V.P.

DEHA WALLEY

Distribution of brilliance in the earth's umbra and penumbra according to electrophotometric observations of the total lunar exlipse of December 8, 1946. Biul.Abast.astrofiz.obser. no.17: 29-43 154. (MLRA 8:10)

(Eclipses, Lunar -- 1946)

DZHAPIASHVILI, V. P.

DEHAGIASHVILI, V. P. --"Investigation of Polarization Properties of Portions of the Hoom's Surface Using Electrophotometric Heasurements." \*(Discertations for Degrees in Science and Engineering Defended at USSR Higher Educational Institutions) Min of Higher Education USSR, Khar'kov Order of Labor of Red Banner State U

30: Knizhnava Letonis', No. 25, 18 Jun 55

\* For the Degree of Doctor of Physicomathematical Sciences

DIHAPIASHVILI, Y.P.

KHARADZE, Ye.K.; DZHAPIASHVILI, V.P.

Observations of lunar occultations of stars at the Abastumani Astrophysical Observatory in 1954. Astron.tsir.no.156:23-24 Ja'55. (MLRA 8:10)

1. Abastumanskaya astrofizicheskaya observatoriya no gore Kanobili. (Occultations)

# DZHAPIASHVILI, V.P.

Partial lunar eclipse of November 29, 1955. Astron.tsir.no.166: 6-7 Ja 156. (MLRA 9:7)

l.Abastumanskaya astrofizicheskaya observatoriya na gore Koncbili.

(Relipses, Janer - 1955)

#### DZHAPIASHVILI, V.P.

Electropolarimetry of the lunar surface. Astron.tsirk. no.167:16-19 F 156. (MLRA 9:9)

1.Abastumanskaya astrofizichoskaya observatoriya na gore Kanobili. (Moon--Surface) (Polarization (Light))

DZHAPIASHVIKI, V. P.

DZHAPIASHVILL KARADZE, Ye.K., otv. red.; TODUA, A., tekhn. red.

[Use of photoelectric measurements for investigating polarising properties of lunar surface formations [in Russian with summary in Georgian and English]] Issledovaniia poliarizatsionnykh svoistv obrazovanii lunnoi poverkhnosti po elektrofotometricheskim izmereniiam. Tbilisi, 1957. 165 p. (Abastumani. Astrofizicheskaia observatoriia. Biulleten', no.21). (MIRA 10:12) (Moon-Surface) (Polarization) (Photoelectric measurements)

68574

3.1550

227/35-59-11-9234

Translation from: Referativnyy zhurnal, Astronomiya i Geoderiya, 1979, Nr. 11, p.73 (USSR)

AUTHOR:

Dznapiashvili, V.P.

TIPLE:

The Study of Polarizational Properties of Pormations of the Lunar

Surface According to Electric-Photometrical Missignments

PERIODICAL:

Byul. Abasbumansk, astrofiz, obport, 1987, Vol 21, 167 p 111, (Summaries

in Engl., Georgian)

ABSTRACT:

The first part of the work is composed of a survey, in which is orplained the value of the investigations of the Mach. for commograpy, geology, and other sections of science. There as a ferrice instary of the problem, and a description of the Moon's relief on hypotheses are cited, which explain its formation; then incre to a detailed analysis of the methods and results of investigating the Brom with the aid of photometry, colorimetry, and redicators. There is also a general account of the polarization of light, reflected by the polarization of

general, and by the surface of the Moon in partial tar, and also age

Card 1/3 problems, methods and results of polytimetrical incares of the Mode are

#### "APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 03/20/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R000411830002-2

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35-59-11 9134

The Study of Polarizational Properties of Formations on the Edman Studiese Actording to Electric-Photometrical Measurements

examined. In the second part there is a detailed report of the expervation national and apparatus used by the author, at the Abarmmanian Chaervetony. The work was called out during 1950-1953, with the nelp of a stellar electrophotometer with an antimonic desium photocell mounted on a 3304mm reflereer, the special investigation whomes that the optics of the reflector creates a parasitir polarization arounting to 45. Foring ciservations of the Moon a herapathite polarcid was used as analyzar, over 40 negatis were chosen on the Moon's disk, for which the degree and position of the belance than plane were measured during various phases and calculated associding to the formula- of V.G. Fesenkey. The stop of the photometer cut cut a section of 12 .3 or 23 main the Moon. The root-mean-square error for the degree of polarization amounts to 50,005, for the angle of the position of the polarization plane \$ 10.77 The observation disag Incorporating 1,371 measurements over a period of 148 nights, are presented to a form of detailed tables, and also, a separated set of graphs in the supplement, representing for each detail, the dependence of the degree of polarization on the angle of the physic, the incident angle of the solar rays, and the azimuth of the reflected ray, and also the orientation of the polarization plane, depending on the chase angle. The data confirm

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The Study of Polarizational Properties of Pormations on the Lunar Burface According to Electric-Photometrical Measurements

that the maximum of polarization for the greater number of objects coincides with the moments of quadrature. For objects which do not follow this rule, deviations from 90° of the phase angle, corresponding to the maximum, are insignificant, mainly being in a range of 10°. There is a symmetry manifested in the fact that objects with the positive sign of deviation are concentrated in the eastern half of the disk, with the negative in the western one. The greatest polarization in the maximum, is given by the seas, (on the average 18.3%) the least, - by the continents and light sence (11.0%), intermediate values pertain to craters (13.2%) and bright rups (13.9%). The rather attributes these differences to an uneven degree of surface granulation (she greater the granulation, the lower the polarization) and connects them with the relative age of the formations, in the sense, that high polarization signifies a young formation. Correlations are cited of maximum polarization with the size of eraters, the objection is discussed of the reality of the negative polarization on the Meen, and a pin of further work for studying the polarization of lunar formations is given.

Bibl. 175 titles.

V.T. Schoolit

Card 3/3

DZHAPIASHVILI, V.P.

Observations of Arend-Roland's comet at the Abastumuni Astrophysical Observatory. Astron.tsir. no.180:14-15 My \*57. (MIRA 13:4)

1. Abastumanskaya astrofizicheskaya observatoriya na gore Kanobili. (Comets--1956)

1. A. C. A. 经

CIA-RDP86-00513R000411830002-2"

Translation from: Referatively zhurael, Astronomiya i Gordeziya, 1959, et 21, 5 71

A - Coary

AUTHOR: Dehaptashvili, V.F.

TIPLE: On the Visual Observations of Mary to 1910 in the tombust

FENIODERATA Astron. tsirkulyar, 1957, Oct. 3, No. 185, pp. 15 - 14

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 03/20/2001

ABSTRACE- The observations were carried out by the sollabr, N.I. Prevency, and Ye.K. Kokhan, with the aid of a 40-rm refraction (negation and x2/2)

from the end of June to the end of Outcome 1900. The the little of the growths division of the polar cap into two was noted, while on the 27th August, it was divided into three parts and, following their, disappeared in the beginning of Saptember — A bright apon hear the southern pole was observed on the 7th Saptember, which was identified

with the polar cap. The succession of observed energes in the polar cap indicates a quick thawing, and not an apparent disappearance of the cap behind a dust have. The appearance of bright whits spoke was noted on the 23rd August, indicating a fall of snew on these, and also the exercise of a fall of snew on these.

the excessive dust content of Mary! atmosphere courties moment of

Card 1/1 apposition. Chastumani astrophysica observatory

3(1) SOV/30-58-11-7/48 AUTHORS:

Kharadze, Ye. K., Dzhapiashvili, V. P., Megrelishvili, T. G.

Investigations of the Moon and the Planets in Abastumani TITLE:

(Lunnyye i planetnyye issledovaniya v Abastumani)

Vestnik Akademii nauk SSSR, 1958, Nr 11, pp 42-45 (USSR) PERIODICAL:

ABSTRACT: Many important data for research-work on the moon and the

> metric examinations. At the Abastumanskaya astrofizicheskaya observatoriya Akademii nauk Gruzinskoy SSR (Abastumanskaya Astrophysical Observatory of the AS Georgian SSR) polarization properties of the moon surface were investigated according to the method of precise electro-photometry in the course of recent years. Photometry of the moon is also important in connection with lunar eclipses. During the great Mars opposition in 1956 visual, photographic, and electropolarimetric observations of the planet were carried out at the Abastumani Observatory. . Recently at this observatory a

planets are obtained by photometric, colorimetric, and polari-

self-recording electro-polarimeter of the system according to V. I. Myukhkyur' has been installed and is now employed for

Card 1/2 systematical measurements of the lumar surface. This device will

SOV/30-58-11-7/48

Investigations of the Moon and the Planets in Abastuman'

also be used for the observation of Mars, Jupiter, and its satellites. V. G. Fesenkov, Member, Academy of Sciences, USSR, worked out the theoretical basis of a method for the investigation of night effects in the terrestrial atmosphere. By this method it was possible to investigate the terrestrial atmosphere up to an altitude of 120 to 130 km. Since 1952 electro-photometric observations of the luminescence of nocturnal sky especially in the infrared spectral region are carried out at the observatory Abastuman'.

Card 2/2

sov/35-59-8-6196

Translation from: Referativnyy zhurnal, Astronomiya i Geodeziya, 1959, Nr 8, p 15

AUTHOR:

Dzhapiashvili, V.F.

TITLE:

The Observation of the Occultations of Stars and Saturn by the

Moon at the Abestumani Astrophysical Observatory in 1957

PERIODICAL:

Astron. tsirkulyar, 1958, May 8, Nr 191, pp 24 - 25

ABSTRACT:

Twenty-four moments of the occultation of stars and one moment

of the occultation of Saturn by the Moon are given.

Card 1/1

DZHAPIASHVILI, V. P. and KSANFOMALITI, L. V.

First Results from Observations of the Moon by Means of a Polarimeter

report presented at the International Symposium on the moon, held at the Pulkovo Observatory, Leningrad, USSR, 6-8 Dec 1960.

# DZHAPIASHVILI, V.P.

Observations of lunar occultations of stars at the Abastumani Astronomical Observatory in 1959. Astron.tsir. no.210:29-30 Ap '60.

(MIRA 13:9)

1. Abastumanskaya astrofizicheskaya observatoriya na gore Kanobili. (Occultations)

### DZHAPIASHVILI, V.P.

Observations of lunar occultations of stars in Abastumani during the first quarter of 1960. Astron.tsir. no.211:33-34 kg '60.

(MIRA 13:10)

1. Abastumanskaya astrofizicheskaya observatoriya. (Occultations)

DZHAPIASHVILI, V.P.; CHIPASHVILI, D.G.

Observations of lunar occultation of stars in the second quarter of 1960 in Abastumani. Astron. tsir. no. 214:23 S '60.

(MIRA 14:1)

1. Abastumanskaya astrofizicheskaya observatoriya. (Occultations)

# DZHAPIASHVILI, V.P.

Observations of lunar occultations of stars in Abastumani in the third quarter of 1960. Astron.tsir. no.217:15-16 D \*60. (MIRA 14:3)

1. Abastumanskaya astrofizicheskaya observatoriya. (Occultations)

# DZHAPIASHVILI, V.P.

Observations of lunar occultations of stars in Abastumani. (MIRA 16:1) Astron.tsir. no.224:36-37 Ag 161.

1. Abastumanskaya astrofizioheskaya observatoriya. (Occultations)

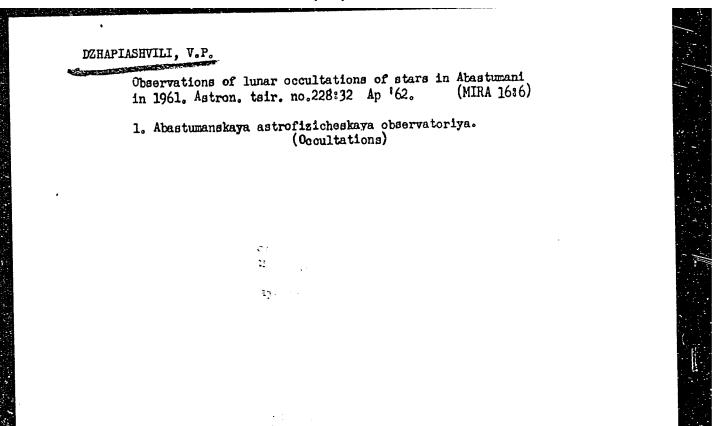
# Observations of lunar occultations of stars in Abastumani. Astron.tsir. no.226:16 0 '61. (MIRA 16:1)

1. Abastumanskaya astrofizicheskaya observatoriya. (Occultations)

DZHAPIASHVILI, V.P.; KHARADZE, Ye.K.

Observations of lunar occultations of Venus in Abastumani October 7, 1961. Astron.tsir. no.227:23-24 F '62. (MIRA 16:1)

1. Abastumanskaya astrofizicheskaya observatoriya. (Occultations) (Venus (Planet))



KASNFOMALITI, L.V.; DZHAPIASHVILI, V.P.

Polarimetric images of the moon. Astron.tsir. no.231:12-14 N 162. (MIHA 16:4)

1. Abastumanskaya astrofizicheskaya observatoriya AN Gruzinskoy SSR na gore Kanobili. (Moon—Surface)

CIA-RDP86-00513R000411830002-2

DZHAPIASHVILI, V.P.

DJAPIASHVILI, V.P., KSANFOHALITI, L.V.

Electronic Polarimetric Images of the Moon

Report to be submitted for the 4th International Space Science Symposium (COSPAR) Warsaw, 2-12 June 63

DEMAPIASHVILI, V.F.; KHARADZE, Ye.K.

Observations of lunar occultations of stars in Abasturani in 1962. Biul. Inst. teor. astron. 9 no.9:627 '64.

(MER: 17-12)

1. Abastumanskaya astrofizicheskaya observatoriya.

DZHAPIASHVILI, V.P.; SALUKVADZE, G.N.

Photographic photometry of comet Arend-Roland (1956 h). Biul. Abest. astrofiz. obser. 32:155-159 '65. (MIRA 18:13)

SLURVABGE, C.M.; DAHAPTASHVILL, V.P.

Photographic observations of comet Mrkes (1957 d). Biul. Abast. astrofiz. obser. 32:161-164 465. (MTRA 18:10)

USSR/Human and Animal Physiology - The Effect of Physical Factors. Ionizing Radiation.

Abs Jour

: Ref Zhur Biol., No 3, 1959, 13381

Author

Dzharak'yan, T.K

Inst

Title

: Role of the Nervous Apparatus of the Spleen in the Process of Restoration of Leukocyte Count of Peri-

pheral Blood in Acute Radiation Sickness

Orig Pub

: Tr. Vses. konferentšii po med. radiol Eksperim. med.

radiol. M., Medgiz, 1957, 49-51

Abstract

: With roentgen radiation of 900 r and /- radiation of 700 r spleenectomized rabbits and those subjected to novacain blocking (NB) developed radiation sickness (RS), which was determined by loss of weight and leukopenia, more readily than control animals,

Blocking caused a leukocytosis about double that of control irradiated animals, beginning the 16th - 17th

Card 1/2

- 150 -

# DZHARAK'YAN, T.K., FAKHRUTDINOV, G.F.

Effect of ionizing radiations on reflexes from intestinal receptors [with summary in English]. Med.rad. 3 no.2:11-19 Mr-Ap 58 (MIRA 11:5)

1. Iz Voyenno-meditsinskoy ordena Lenina akademii imeni S.M. Kirova, Leningrad. (RADIATIONS, eff.

on autonomic & motor reflexes from chemo-, baro- & thermoceptors of small intestine in dog (Rus))
(INTESTINES, SMALL, eff. of radiations on ionizing radiations on chemo-, baro- & thermoceptors on autonomic & motor reflexes in dog (Rus))

#### DZHARAK'YAN, T.K.

Influence of the nervous system on the adrenal cortex. Biul. eksp. biol. i med. 51 no.6:24-28 Je '61. (MIRA 15:6)

1. Iz Voyenno-meditsinskoy ordena Lenina akademii imeni S.M. Kirova, Leningrad. Predstavlena deystvitel'nym chlenom ANN SSSR A.V. Lebedinskim. (ADRENAL CORTEX) (NERVOUS SYSTEM)

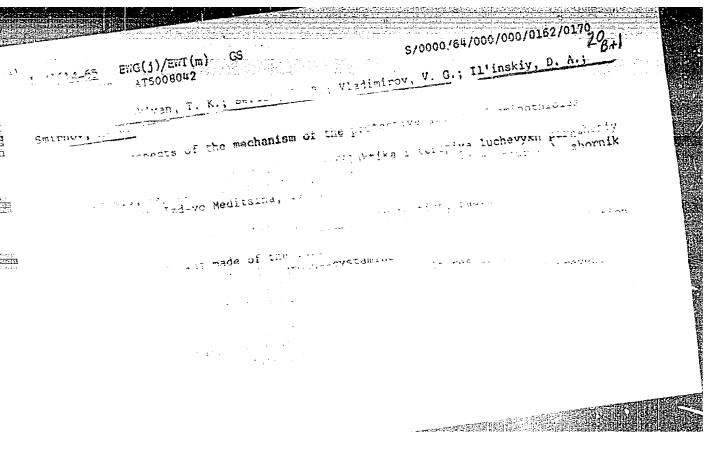
#### CIA-RDP86-00513R000411830002-2 "APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 03/20/2001

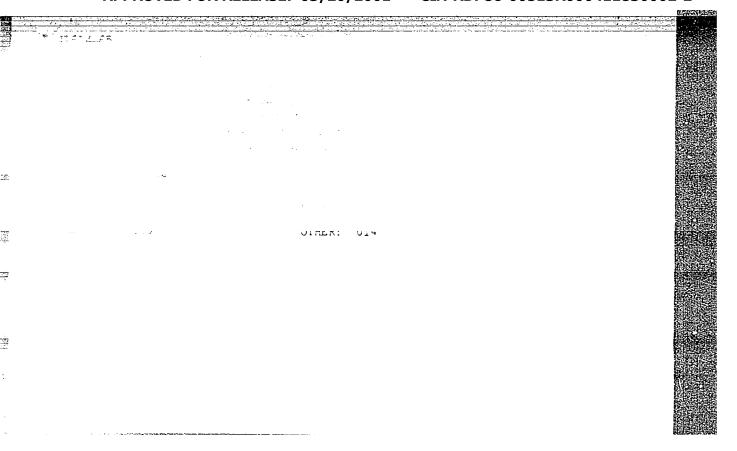
DZHARAK'YAN, T.K.; TIKHONOV, K.B.

Vasodilation of the major arteries. Biul.eksp.biol.i med. 54 no.7: (MIRA 15:11) 14-17 J1 '62.

1. Iz Voyenno-meditsinskoy ordena Lenina akademii imeni S.M.Kirova, Leningrad. Predstavlena deystvitel'nym chlenom AMN SSSR A.V. Lebedinskim.

(CONTRAST MEDIA) (ARTERIES) (ANGIOGRAPHY)





IZHARAK'YAN, T.K., general-mayor meditsinskoy sluzhby;
VARSHAHOV, Yu.L., podpolkovník meditsinskoy sluzhby

Primary reaction to irradiation; a review of the literature. Voen. med. zhur. no.10:10-14 0 '65. (MIRA 18:11)

. 3662-66 EWA(j)/EWI(m)/EWA(b)-2 RM ACCESSION NR: AP5015732	UR/0205/65/005/003/0415/0422 628.58: 577.391	2
UTHOR: Dzharak'yan, T. K.; Golubentse	ev, D. A.; Vladimirov, V. G.	
ITLE: Effect of sulfur-containing rank the irradiated organism	dioprotective substances on biochemical chan	gés
SOURCE: Radiobiologiya, v. 5, no. 3,		
TOPIC TAGS: radioprotective agent, nuphoric acid, oxidative phosphorylation tine	cleic acids, cysteamine, adenosine triphos- , ionizing radiation, spleen, thymus, intes-	
disulfide (cystamine) on nucleic acid, phorylation in radiosensitive tissues ter exposure to ionizing radiation. It rapid and severe disturbance of oxidate	ne prophylactic effect of cysteamine and its ATP, and on the processes of oxidative phoson of rats (spleen, thymus, small intestine) as whole-body irradiation (600-750 r) resulted tive phosphorylation and of ATP, ENA, and RM ues. Administration of cysteamine or its dieight) did not wholly prevent such impairment	f- in A
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J. 3662-66

ACCESSION NR: AP5015732

although the degree of impairment was less than when the radioprotective agents were not used. The magnitude of the level of DNA in individual small lymphocytes of the spleen determined by ultraviolet cytospectrophotometry showed that the protective effect of cystamine is exerted at the cell level in the intact organism. The prevention of injury in many radiosensitive cells by cysteamine and cystamine probably explains the fairly rapid regeneration of the hemopoietic tissues. Since the changes in oxidative phosphorylation parallel those in ATP and nucleic acid metabolism during radiation disease and since these changes are weakened by radioprotective compounds, a close connection must exist between the disruptions of the biochemical processes studied. Orig. art. has: 4 figures, 1 table.

ASSOCIATION: Voyenno-meditsinskaya akademiya im. S. M. Kirova, Leningrad (Kilitary Medical Academy)

SUBMITTED: 17Aug63

ENCL: 00

SUB CODE: LS

NO REF SOV: 035

OTHER: 018

Pard 2/2

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 03/20/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R000411830002-2"

EMP(k)/EMT(d)/EMP(h)/T/EMP(1)/EMP(v)**L** 35003-66 RH ACC NR AP6019570 SOURCE CODE: UR/0115/66/000/004/0003/0006 AUTHOR: Arutyunov, V. O. (Doctor of technical sciences); Babskiy, Ye. V.; Dzharak'yan, T. K; Krotkov, I. N.; Tishchenko, M. I. ORG: none 30 TITLE: Role and problems of metrology in biology and medicine B SOURCE: Izmeritel'naya tekhnika, no. 4, 1966, 3-6 TOPIC TAGS: nedical metrology, biological metrology, medical equipment standards, biological equipment standards, medical instrumentation synctrications, biological instrumentation specifications medica Ticlemoe ABSTRACT: Particular need is felt for standardizing medical equipment used for the automatic control, registration, and regulation of biological functions, as well as for designing artificial organs. importance of standard criteria in diagnosing, treating, and preventing disease requires that physical parameters be measured with maximum accouracy which is difficult to achieve without universally accepted standards. The ever-expanding mass and use of quantitatively evaluated, standed, and processed data calls for the development and establishment of a system of standard measurement units functionally related to units of physical and chemical measurement, as well as the consolidation of Card 1/2 UDC: 389.0 : 61

L 35003-65 b ACC NR: AP6019570 the different forms and aspects of a system of measurement to be designated as "biological metrology." In the Soviet Union, work in this field has been initiated by two affiliates of the Committee of Standards, Measures, and Measuring Equipment: the All-Union Scientific Rese ren Institute of Metrology im. D. I. Mendeleyev (VNIIM) and the All-onion Scientific Research Institute of Physicotechnical and Radiotechnical Measurements (VNIIFTRI). It is suggested that in addition to organizing special laboratories in VNIIM and VNIIFTRI, specialists from the Academy of Sciences USSR and the Academy of Medical Sciences USSR be drawn into the work of developing plans for research in the above fields, and that an all-union conference be conducted under the auspices of the Academy of Sciences USSR, the Academy of Medical Sciences USSR, the Ministry of Higher Education, and the Ministry of Instrument Making to discuss proposed research in biological and medical metrology. Finally, it is recommended that a unified system of units be developed for measuring biological objects and phenomena which can be coordinated with a universally accepted system of units, on the basis of which accurate, up-to-date equipment can be designed [SP] and built. SUB CODE: 06/ SUBM DATE: none/ ORIG REF: 003/ OTH REF: 001

DZHARMALIYEVA, K.K.

PA - 2896

AUTHOR:

SOKOL'SKIY, D.B. Member of the Academy of Science of the Kazakh S.S.R.

DZHARMALIYEVA, K.K.

TITLE:

The Dependence on the Medium of the Amount of Hydrogen adsorbed on

Nickel-Skeleton and Platinum Catalyzers.

(Zavisimost'kolichestva adsorbirovannogo na nikel-skeletnom i pla-

tinovom katalizatorakh vodoroda ot sredy. Russian).

PERIODICAL:

Doklady Akademii Nauk SSSR, 1957, Vol 113, Nr 4, pp 860 - 862

(U.S.S.R.)

Received: 6 / 1957

Reviewed: 7 /1957

ABSTRACT:

One of the unavoidable stages of catalytic hydration is a previous activation of the reaction components on the surface of the catalyzer. The activation of hydrogen and of an unsaturated compound on this surface depends on the specific properties of the compounds to be hydrated, on the nature of the catalyzer, and on reaction conditions. A change of medium (milieu) exercises considerable influence on the strength of the hydrogen binding to the surface. By the application of various solvents it is possible to regulate the amount of hydrogen adsorbed on the surface. The present paper investigates the influence exercised by different alkali- and acid concentrations on the above mentioned adsorption in connection with the hydration of some organic compounds by the adsorbing hydrogen, as e.g. orthonitrophenol. Experiments with a nickel-skeleton catalyzer were carried out in a NaOH solution (0,01 - 15,0 n), those

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The Dependence on the Medium of the Amount of Hydrogen adsorbed on Nickel-Skeleton and Platinum Catalyzers.

with platinum in NaOH and H2SO4. As from table 1, the amount of water extracted from the catalyzer within 2 hours is reduced with the increase of the alkali concentration. The maximum quantity was 70 - 80 ml. As 1 g of the nickel catalyzer contains 110 - 120 ml adsorbed hydrogen, not the entire adsorbed amount of hydrogen is extracted, but only the atoms which are weakly connected with the catalyzer surface. With rising temperature the extracted amount of H increases. Orthonitrophenol was selected as a substance able to extract the total adsorbed quantity of H from the catalyzer. From table 2 it may be seen that the extracted H quantity increases with increasing alkali concentration. Illustration 1 shows the kinetic and potential curves of the orthonitrophenol hydration in the case of different concentrations of alkali and at  $60^{\circ}$ . As may be seen, the potential of the catalyzer is reduced abruptly after the introduction of O- nitrophenol in the course of the first minute, during which time also more than the half of the total quantity of hydrogen is extracted. This quantity increases with rising temperature, probably at the expense of the lower catalyzer layers. Unlike nickel, the adsorbed H quantity in the case of platinum catalyzers is nearly independent of the alkali

Card 2/3

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The Dependence on the Medium of the Amount of Hydrogen adsorbed on Nickel-Skeleton and Platinum Catalyzers.

concentration. Table 5 shows that in the case of all akali- and acid concentrations, about the same quantity of hydrogen is extracted from platinum. (2 illustrations, 3 tables).

ASSOCIATION:

Kazakhish State University "S.M.Kirov" at Alma-Ata.

PRESENTED BY:

SUBMITTED:

5.11.1956

AVAILABLE:

Library of Congress

Card 3/3

DZHARDAMALIYEVA, K.K.; SOKOL'SKIY, D.V.

Effect of the medium on the activity of a catalyst and the quantity of hydrogen adsorbed on it. Trudy Inst.khim.nauk. AN Kazakh. SSR. 2:94-111 '58. (MIRA 12:2) (Catalysts, Nickel)

DZHARDAR LLIYOVA, K.K., dand Chem Sci (diss) "Concerning the relationship of the stages in catalytic hydrogenization reactions," Alma-Ata, 1960, 17 pp (Institute of Organic Chemistry imeni N. D. Zelinskiy, Academy of Sciences USSA) (KL, 39-60, 114)

DZHARDAMALIYEVA, K.K.

Hydrazine catalyzed reduction. Trudy Inst.khim.nauk AN Kazakh. SSR 8:150-156 '62. (MIRA 15:12) (Reduction, Chemical) (Hydrazine)

SOKOL'SKIY, D.V., akademik, glav. red.; POPOVA, N.M., kard. khim. næuk, red.; ZAKUMBAYEVA, G.D., kand. khim. næuk, red.; BULAVKINA, L.A., kand.khim. næuk, red.; CREBENKINA, G.F., kand. khim. næuk, red.; DZHARDAMALIYEVA, K.K., kand. khim. næuk, red.; GLAZYRINA, D.M., red.; ROROKINA, Z.P., tekhn.red.

[Catalytic reactions in the liquid phase] Kataliticheskie reaktsii v zhidkoi faze; trudy Vsesoiuznoi konferentsii. Alma-Ata, Izd-vo AN Kaz.SSR, 1963. 459 p. (MIRA 16:12)

1. Vsesoyuznaya konferentsiya po kataliticheskim reaktsiyam v zhidkoy faze, Alma-Ata, 1962. 2. Kazakhskiy tekhnologicheskiy institut i Institut khimicheskikh nauk AN KazSSR (for Sokol'skiy).

(Catalysis)

ACC NR: AT7000938

SOURCE CODE: UR/2850/66/0:14/000/0222/0225

AUTHOR: Sokol'skiy, D. V.; Goryayev, M. I.; Sarmurzina, A. G.; Dzhardamaliyeva, K. K. Yurina, R. A.; Dombitskiy, A. D.

ORG: none

TITIE: Liquid-phase hydrogenation of 1-heptene on ruthenium-palladium catalysts of various compositions

SOURCE: AN KazSSR. Institut khimicheskikh nauk. Trudy, v. 14, 1966. Katalizatory zhidkofaznoy gidrogenizatsii (Catalysts of liquid-phase hydrogenation), 222-225

TCPIC TAGS: hydrogenation, heptene, ruthenium, palladium

ABSTRACT: 1-Heptene was hydrogenated in 96% ethanol at 20°C on Ru-Pd catalysts in which the Ru content was varied (19, 30, 44, 80 wt. % Ru). As the Ru content increased, the hydrogenation rate rose at first, reached a maximum at 70 wt. %, then decreased. The reaction was studied most thoroughly on catalyst with 30% Ru at 10, 20, 30, 40 and 50°. The S-shaped kinetic curves obtained suggest that the hydrogenation is associated with isomerization involving the displacement of the double bond to the center of the molecule and cis-trans isomerization. Chromatographic analysis and IR spectra showed that this isomerization of 1-heptene is limited to the formation of cis- and trans-2-heptene (in 20.5 and 33.7% maximum yield respectively). Orig. art.

Card 1/1 SUB CODE: 07/ SUBM DATE: none/ ORIG REF: 007/ OTH REF: 008

ALEKSEYEV, O.I., DZHARLKAGANOV, U.A., ZAVALISHIN, V.S.

Mathods of calculating future technical and economic indices in selecting the optimum variant for boundary limits of an open-pit mine. Trudy Inst. gor. dela AN Kazakh. SSR 18: 3-8 '65.

Technical and economic evaluation of variants of boundary limits of an open-pit mine. Ibid. 187-92 (MIRA 18:12)

PLATIKANOV, Nikola; CHESHMEDZHIEV, B.; DZHAROVA, M.; FOTUSHAROVA, E.

Problem of making the Cr<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub> indicator method more accurate in determining the digestibility of rations. Is Theyota nauki I no.2815-34 tc4.

1. Institute of Animal Husbandry, Koatanbrod. 2. Corresponding Member of the Bulgarian Academy of Sciences, and Member of the Board of Editors, "Lavestile na Akademiliata na selekostopanskite nauki - Zhivotnovudni nauki" (for Platikanov).

DZHARRAKHOV, A.R.; BARENBOYM, A.I.

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1. Glavnyy inzhener Kirovabadskogo otdeleniya Azerbaydzhanskoy dorogi (for Dzharrakhov). 2. Nachal'nik Byuro sodeystviya ratsionalizatsii i izobretatel'stvu Kirovabadskogo otdeleniya Azerbaydzhanskoy dorogi (for Barenboym).

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